

SENSA-TION—EACH OF THREE DEATHS.

Killing of Old John Kinney by a Paterson Trolley Car Reveals a Murder.

CAUSED HIS WIFE'S DEATH.

Yesterday It Became Known That His Son Saw His Father Throw Her Down Stairs.

SUICIDE OF MISS HORNING.

Used Illuminating Gas and a Rubber Tube—Mrs. Mary Ann Murray Takes an Overdose of Laudanum.

Three sensational deaths occurred in Paterson, N. J., yesterday, and one was the means of revealing an unpunished murder that occurred eight years ago.

The first of the three was the death of John Kinney, sixty-two years old, who at one time was worth \$50,000. He was crushed to death under the wheels of car No. 100, of the Paterson & Passaic Trolley Line, at South Paterson.

Kinney, in early life, amassed wealth and invested it. Later he and his wife went into the liquor business, and both became drunkards. They paid more Police Court fines than any six persons in Paterson since that time. Quarrels were frequent, and one morning it was announced that Mrs. Kinney was dead, having fallen down stairs and broken her neck.

William Kinney, his son, the only witness of the occurrence, who is now in jail charged with robbing Joseph Kinney, late of Paterson, a "Baltimore" maid of "Lett," told his brother-in-law, Edward Finner, that Kinney had thrown his wife down the stairs, causing her death. At the inquest he testified that she fell down. The real facts, as narrated by him, only became known yesterday.

Later the elder Kinney lavished his money on a widow named Green, who decamped after he had deeded his property to her. Homeless, broken down and penniless, he has recently lived at the city almshouse, and was only released on Thursday to go to work on the streets.

Yesterday he was working at South Paterson, when a trolley car, bound for Passaic, approached at moderate speed. Miss Kinney, who was standing on the platform, and with the sight of the trolley car, and as she passed, he backed toward it, and was whirled from his feet. His head and shoulders went under the car, the rear wheels of which broke his neck, jaws, arms and all the bones of his chest.

At Vanderpoort & DuPont's morgue a teller was found in one of Kinney's pockets. It was from his son, William, who told his father that he was charged with burglary and would get five years if convicted. The writer brought his father to some extent to save him, and it was doubtful to earn money for the purpose that he went to work.

Kinney has a married daughter residing in Kansas City, and another who is the wife of a Paterson silk manufacturer. County Physician Johnson will grant a certificate to his wife is attached to those in charge of the car.

Miss Othello Horning, thirty-seven years old, died at the home of her mother, Mrs. August Horning, a wealthy retired candy manufacturer, on Thursday night. She was found by her mother, who was cheerful spirits than she had been before for several weeks, retired before 11 o'clock. Yesterday morning all efforts to revive her failed, and when it was found that the door was securely bolted and the keyhole stopped with cotton, the door was broken open. It was discovered that the young woman had fastened herself with illuminating gas, using a rubber tube.

Mrs. Reinberg, the sister of the dead woman, yesterday said the latter had brooded much since the death of her favorite brother. Will be weeks ago. She also thought that a severe fall the young woman had two weeks ago may have caused the return of an old spinal trouble that might have resulted in mental derangement.

Mary Ann Murray, a middle-aged married woman, at her home, No. 324 Grand street, and County Physician Johnson yesterday discovered that death had been brought about by an overdose of laudanum. Her family resented the imputation of suicide, and maintain that she must have taken the drug to lessen the pain of a disease with which she was afflicted. County Physician Johnson finally granted a certificate of accidental death.

CONTEMPT COSTS \$10,000.

Ocean City Railroad Must Remove Its Tracks from Bray's Property.

Ocean City, N. J., March 26.—Unless the Ocean City Railroad can reach some agreement with Thomas Bray regarding the tracks and bridges constructed on his property, near this city, the railroad will be seriously hampered for some time. Bray opposed the laying of tracks and got out an injunction. This was not honored by the railroad, and the matter was brought to the Supreme Court at Trenton. The Supreme Court has just found the road guilty of contempt, and orders it to remove its tracks and bridges on Bray's property.

One of the bridges cost \$6,000, and, altogether, the company will have to expend \$10,000 to obey the order of the court if Bray does not come to terms.

HIS WIFE GONE FOR GOOD.

Misiewicz Found a Note Waiting for Him When He Got Home.

Misiewicz, a Polish tailor of No. 423 Fushing avenue, Williamsburg, yesterday asked Clerk Regan, of Justice Goetting's Law Avenue Police Court, to help him to find his wife and two-year-old child. "The woman has eloped," said Misiewicz, "and not only taken our child, but all my savings of years." He said he returned home Thursday night and found a note telling him that his wife had gone for good. The couple were married five years ago, and lived happily until several months ago, when Misiewicz returned home one night and found his home deserted. His wife returned a month ago and was forgiven.

Clerk Regan told Misiewicz that he could do nothing for him, and he left the court room in tears.

Newark Jefferson Club Banquet.

The Jefferson Club, of Newark, N. J., which was a haven of refuge for the interdicted Democratic during the last campaign, will hold a dinner banquet and give a testimonial to the American on April 28. It is expected that four hundred Democrats from every county in the State will attend. Many prominent men to the party have promised to speak. The Committee of Arrangements is composed of Dr. W. W. Schaefer, Dr. A. E. Baldwin, Dr. E. W. Thom, John L. Carroll, J. B. Sargent, John S. Bell, Stephen Meagher, William M. B. George H. Lander and Frank T. M. B. Carpenter.

Carpenier Banquet from a Roof. A man, N. J., March 26.—George Klutner, of Philadelphia, a carpenter, is suffering from internal injuries which may prove fatal. Yesterday he was at work on the roof of the Sun-Eden building at No. 11, 12th street, when he was blown from the roof by the high wind to the ground, thirty feet below.

EGGS THEIR MISSILES.

Two Bloomfield Boys Have Fun Pelting Pedestrians Until Arrested and Locked Up.

Two Bloomfield (N. J.) boys named Baldwin and Lewis started out on Thursday night to have what they termed a "dandy" time. They had for a few periods, and were then arrested.

To begin with, the lads purchased several dozen eggs, and, planting themselves upon a roof on Franklin street, began to make targets of pedestrians. They scored two bull's-eyes. First an egg struck an insurance agent in the back of the neck, and then he spat the silk hat of a New York business man who lives in Bloomfield. From their perch the boys greatly enjoyed the discomfort of their victims.

The names of the lads were finally learned by their victims, who laid complaints against them before Police Justice Hall. Warrants were issued and Constable Hummel arrested the lads. They did not deny the charge, and when asked why they had cut up such tricks the youthful prisoners said: "Just for sport."

"That sport will cost you \$2.50 each," said the justice. They were taken back to the lockup, where they remained several hours, after which their fines were paid by their parents, and they were released, but not until the justice had given them a severe reprimand.

HOLES IN GRECIAN GOWN.

Costumer Sues Mrs. Fales for Goods Sold When She Was Lecturing on Ideal Dress.

Margaretta Arline Hamm, the well-known newspaper and magazine writer, was defendant yesterday in the First District Civil Court in Brooklyn, in a suit brought by Mrs. Ida M. Reid, of No. 124 West Twenty-third street, New York. Mrs. Reid is a costumer, and she sued to recover \$135.00, alleged to be due for gowns purchased by the defendant.

Miss Hamm is really Mrs. Fales, the wife of William E. S. Fales, a lawyer and journalist, who was formerly United States Vice-Consul at Amoy, China. He represented his wife in court yesterday.

In her bill of particulars Mrs. Reid tells all about Mrs. Fales' arguments. The defendant is one of the dresses she sold her, and another was returned for repairs to Mrs. Reid, who never sent it back.

Mrs. Reid said she met Miss Hamm while the latter was lecturing on "Ideal Dress." She made for the journalist a number of gowns of the pattern advocated in the lectures.

Mrs. Reid picked up a parcel and pulled out a Grecian gown. He called attention to a number of holes in the garment, said he never had been worn, and offered it in evidence.

Mrs. Fales testified that she lived at No. 58 Hicks street. She denied that she owed a great number of the items in the bill. She denied that she had ever made a contract with Mrs. Reid, and the Justice reserved the decision.

SUICIDE, NOT MURDER.

Unknown Man with Evidence of Reformation Found Dead in Woodhull Park.

Jamaica, L. I.

There is much mystery surrounding the death of a man whose body was found at Jamaica, L. I., yesterday. At first it was thought he had been murdered, but subsequent developments point to suicide. The identity and the motive for killing himself cannot be ascertained for.

The body was found in that section of the village known as Woodhull Park. Deputy Sheriff Henry Schrod was on his way from his home about 11 a. m. yesterday and discovered the body lying beneath a fence, about twenty feet from the tracks of the Long Island Railroad.

The body was that of a man about forty-five years of age, and was well dressed in a black suit, white shirt and collar, and a black overcoat. The features were those of a man of average build, with dark hair, and no evidence of hard work. Thick black curly hair covered the man's head. He had a small mustache and a thin beard. A bottle containing carbolic acid was subsequently found beneath the body.

The bottle bore the label of Druggist W. H. M. of No. 2385 Atlantic avenue, Brooklyn.

STONED BY THE STRIKERS.

Cartmen in Long Island City Issue a Statement of Their Grievances for Publication.

Lawlessness continued in Long Island City yesterday. Contractor Kavanagh sent out a number of carts loaded with asphalt. Each one was escorted to the Thirty-fourth street ferry by a detail of thirty-two policemen, under command of Acting Captain Darcy. The members of the Cartmen's Union and those who are in sympathy with them were out in force, but they did not molest the escort of police, as on Thursday.

The strikers managed to capture two of Contractor Kavanagh's men on West avenue in the afternoon. They carried feed to the horses at the stable which was surrounded by a crowd. There was a cry of "seize," and immediately the air was filled with a shower of brick and stones. Both men fought their way out of the crowd and started to run, being followed by a fusillade of rocks and other missiles. The police were all at the asphalt works and the assailants of the stablemen escaped.

The Cartmen's Union held a meeting in the afternoon and issued a statement to the press. In part as follows:

The proposition to men who want to Contract for Kavanagh for a job on the asphalt was that they could go to work, but would have to wait for their pay. It was proposed to pay \$4 per day (when we could get it), while he got our old prices, from \$4 to \$4.20 per day, according to the district. This was a big cut in price and the necessity of waiting caused us to strike for our rights.

CRANFORD TELLS HIS PLANS.

Gives Reasons for Buying Up Lakes in Suffolk County.

John P. Cranford, the Long Island man who has the contract to take water from Suffolk County, if Brooklyn is permitted to cross the Queens County line, had the following to say yesterday in regard to his recent purchases of land in Suffolk:

"Suffolk County has twice as much water as Queens County and half of its own. The city now takes 80,000,000 gallons a day from Queens County. My purchases has demonstrated that there is plenty of water in Suffolk County and that the people who own it are perfectly willing to sell. It will not be necessary for us to build an aqueduct three hundred miles long to supply the pressing need that Brooklyn has for more water."

His Girl's Picture in the Lost Cane. In the Flatbush Civil Court yesterday afternoon Justice McKinnay gave judgment for the defendant in the suit of Michael Tuck, of No. 1075 DeKalb avenue, against John P. Cranford, who is the president of the Flatbush Dramatic Society of Williamsburg. The suit was to recover \$2.50 the value of a gold-headed cane which Mr. Tuck lost at Arlon Hall at a dramatic performance given by the society on Tuesday. Cranford's case was a gift from Mr. Tuck's fiancée, and contained a photograph of the young woman.

Ten Indictments Against Barnes. Ten indictments were returned in the County Court, Brooklyn, yesterday, against William Barnes, for grand larceny. Barnes was formerly cashier in the Brooklyn office of the Cudahy Packing Company, on Fort Greene place. He was indicted on charges of stealing \$3,000 from the company. He is alleged to have stolen \$3,000 from the company.

HOUSE AND MEN BLOWN TO ATOMS.

Fatal Nitro-Glycerine Explosion at the Repauno Works, Gibbstown.

THREE EMPLOYEES KILLED.

Where the Separating House, in Which They Worked, Stood Only Two Holes Are Left.

TWENTY WORKMEN INJURED.

Concussion Demolished Half the Windows in Town, a Mile from the Works, and Had an Earthquake Force Six Miles Away.

Gibbstown, N. J., March 26.—A terrific explosion at the separating house of the Repauno Nitro-Glycerine Works, on the Delaware River, a mile from here, occurred at 12:24 o'clock today. Charles Wright and James Hamilton, of Paulsboro, and Thompson Stiles, of Gibbstown, were killed, and not less than twenty, whose names are not yet known, were injured. The concussion demolished the windows of half the houses in Gibbstown, and every window light was broken in the public school house in Paulsboro, two miles distant, causing a panic among the school children, but seriously hurting none. In Woodbury, six miles from the scene of the disaster, the shock of the explosion was felt with the force of an earthquake. Houses were shaken and many people rushed to the streets.

The greatest excitement prevailed here and at Paulsboro, where all the employees live, until it was known who had been killed and injured. The scenes were like those at mine disasters, the women who flocked to the place being frantic with apprehension.

The employees, who formed a guard around the ruins, restrained them with great difficulty from breaking through the flames. The immediate cause of the catastrophe will never be known.

Officials of the works are silent regarding the accident, but one who was on the ground said to a Journal reporter:

"There were two explosions, one interval. I was about one-fifth of a mile distant when they occurred. A few felt the shock of the explosion, but the rest of the explosion crushed in the side of the office building. I ran at once to the scene. Two buildings of the nitro-glycerine plant had been blown to atoms, leaving nothing but two holes in the ground."

"Three men, who were in one of the buildings, whose names are not yet known, were killed. Only small pieces of the men, picked up about the grounds some 500 feet away, were found. We know the dead men were Hamilton, Wright and Stiles, because they were the only men at work in the buildings, about twenty men, were injured by flying debris and splinters, but none seriously. The wrecked buildings were situated on the Delaware River front. The plant consists of seventy-seven buildings, in three groups. There are one hundred and sixty men and five girls employed in the works. This is the first disaster here in the first in 1883. Lamont Dupont, president of the works, lost his life. The men who were killed to-day were injured."

Some of the workmen who were passing through the yard of the nitro-glycerine works say they saw a quantity of nitro-glycerine in the air and then they were thrown to the ground by the awful blast. Workmen in the other buildings of the plant ran out and hid for their lives, fearing additional explosions. After a few minutes, when the danger had passed, they returned and began their work. The trees for two hundred yards around were denuded of their limbs and twisted by the force of the explosion.

The Repauno works are operated by the Duponts, and are used for the manufacture of nitro-glycerine and gun powder. The buildings are one-story frame structures, separated some distance from each other, the works having been built on a large tract, and the force of employees was larger than usual. The explosion to-day occurred in the separating house, which is the most delicate and dangerous processes. The three men who were blown to atoms were the only occupants of the building, and the cause of the disaster cannot therefore be learned.

SHOULD HAVE HAD A BICYCLE.

Detective Seipel's Chase of a Supposed Thief in a Buggy Was in Vain.

Detective Seipel, of Newark, N. J., had a lively chase after a supposed thief early yesterday morning. The man who drove a spirited horse to a light covered wagon is supposed to be a thief, who during the past two weeks has stolen over 500 valuable fowls in West Orange, which he sold in Newark's hill district.

Seipel, with other officers, had been detailed to watch the locality, and at 5 o'clock yesterday morning he saw the thief swing into a Brown street. When the driver saw him he whipped up the horse, and the chase began.

Seipel, who is young, and a sprinter, chased the rig several blocks, and then fired his revolver three shots at the rig, but this only made the driver lean over the dashboard and whip the horse to a gallop. Several times on the steep hill on West Kinney street the animal stumbled and nearly fell. Finally the runner swung into Haley street and disappeared in the direction of Clinton. The shooting attracted a great crowd of people.

WIVES WANT SEPARATION.

Esther Lynagh and Elizabeth Delano Ask for Counsel Fee and Alimony.

Mrs. Esther Lynagh, of No. 131 Greenpoint avenue, Brooklyn, applied to Justice Van Wyck, of the Supreme Court, yesterday, for counsel fee and alimony in her suit for separation from Joseph Lynagh. The couple were married April 14, 1895, and have one child. Mrs. Lynagh alleges cruelty. Decision was reserved.

Elizabeth Delano, who is suing for a separation from Eugene Delano, also asked for counsel fee and alimony. The defendant is a member of the firm of John Moore & Co., carriage makers at No. 57 and 59 Warren street, New York. His salary is said to be \$6,000 to \$8,000 a year. Decision was reserved.

ASLEEP ON HIS CRUTCHES.

A Veteran Whom General Lee Treated Will Be Arraigned for Intoxication.

James Kerwin, a veteran, was found unconscious on Main road, Flatbush, yesterday afternoon. His head rested on the arm of one crutch, while the other stick was stationed against a lamp-post. In his pocket was his bunkbook, showing that he had drawn \$80, and his pension papers. He was revived by an ambulance surgeon a few hours later in the Flatbush Station House, and will be arraigned before Justice Steers this morning on a charge of intoxication.

Kerwin was wounded in the battle of Gettysburg, and was personally treated by General Lee, who picked him up and had his wounds dressed.

MATCHES HAD NOT BEEN BURNED.

Dramatic Close in the Examination of Wallace, Alleged Firebug.

INFORMERS NOT IN COURT.

Prisoner Denounces Witnesses for the People and Tells Why They Are Against Him.

THE EXAMINATION ADJOURNED.

In the Meantime a Search Will Be Made for the Witnesses for the Prosecution—Sentiment Favors Wallace.

The three principal witnesses against Lawrence Wallace, charged with arson, for having set fire to Benner's Road House, at Newburgh, N. J., did not put in an appearance at the Court House in Elizabeth, N. J., where the accused was arraigned yesterday. The case had to be adjourned.

Wallace reiterated the story of the conspiracy against him. He said the absence of the witnesses proved his statements.

Wallace accuses Arthur Sinclair, William H. Adams and Charles Kelly, the three witnesses who were in jail, with conspiring to have him in jail. He said that the reason they wanted him behind bars was because he knew too much about them. Wallace told the Court that Sinclair was a former convict, and was known by the names of "Jones," "Bloodgood" and "Bolshevik." He said he served four years, from 1892 to 1896, for obtaining money under false pretences in Newark. Adams, Wallace told Judge Hall, was also an ex-convict. He stated that Adams served four years for assaulting an aged woman named Mrs. Feeny, of Panhook.

Wallace stated that he found Mrs. Feeny unconscious on the road one night, and that he took her to the home of his mother, where the latter cared for her. She said she had been assaulted by Adams, and Wallace said that Adams wanted him to inform him when Mrs. Feeny would make a complaint against him. He refused to do this, and when Adams was arrested he stated he would get square with Wallace.

Kelly, he said, was known as "Dublin" and "Scott." That his reputation was not good. He said the three men knew that the Board of Underwriters had a reward of \$500 for the arrest of Wallace, who was operating in Panhook and vicinity, and that, besides revenge, they also wanted to earn this \$500.

Wallace stated that on Thursday afternoon Sinclair kidnapped him and took him to a house on the outskirts of Panhook, where he was kept a prisoner until he was brought back to Benner's house at midnight Friday. He said he was drugged, and that the three men took kerosene and other inflammable materials to the house, and then they set fire to it. Wallace said that he saw Sinclair who gave the alarm to Officers Seeland and Frederickson to be on hand to arrest him. Sinclair was arrested by the police, and Frederickson, who had been detailed to watch the hotel, could not agree on the facts. Frederickson said he saw Wallace, a black and white man, with the aid of Seeland, Seeland said he saw no blaze.

Chief of Police Grant, of Plainfield, produced a bottle alleged to have contained kerosene. He also had the bundle of combustibles found at the hotel. He had also three boxes of matches, which were supposed to have been burned and thrown away by the firebug. The Chief swore they had been used to light the fire. He said he had seen the matches in the package containing the matches and said:

"Chief, these matches have never been burned."

The Chief stuck to the story that the matches had been turned over to him as having been burned, and the jury was left to decide. The incident brought the trial to an abrupt close.

A search was made for the alleged conspirators against Wallace, but they had not been found last night. A strong reaction in favor of Wallace has set in in the locality. The case will come up again Monday.

BELIEVED TO BE A FAGIN.

Crovis Charged with Receiving Property Stolen by Boys.

Justice Steers, in the Flatbush Police Court, yesterday, held Crovis, a junk dealer, of Thurford street, Brownsville, under \$1,000 bail for trial on Wednesday on the charge of being the receiver of stolen goods. The Nassau Railroad Company claim that they have been missing a great deal of iron and copper wire of late, and it has been stolen by little boys, who claimed Crovis made it an inducement for them to steal it. The boys in question are Israel Lippman, eleven years old, of Thurford and Lavonia streets, and Israel Holber, twelve years old, of No. 1705 Eastern Parkway. They are held as witnesses.

Later yesterday afternoon the police of the Canarsie precinct arrested Max Robert, a twelve-year-old of Eastern Parkway and Watkins street, on suspicion of being implicated in the thefts.

A CLEAN SWEEP.

Our Spring house cleaning offers great bargains to purchasers of Men's Clothing. We are offering our entire line of 1896 Spring Suits at the following reduced prices—those formerly sold at \$15.00, 16.50, 18.00, 20.00 and 22.00 are now going at 10.00, 12.00, 13.50, 15.00 and 16.50 respectively, and last Spring's trousers, formerly 5.00, 6.00 and 7.00, are now marked 3.00. It is unnecessary to remind you that in order to secure a choice of styles in your size an early call is imperative. They can't last long at these prices.

LEFT MEETING IN A HUFF.

St. Barnabas Chapter Failed to Get Their Resolution Adopted.

There was some talk in religious circles in Brooklyn yesterday over the departure in haste from the meeting of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew, at St. Mark's Church, in Adelphi street, Brooklyn, on Saturday night, of seven delegates from St. Barnabas Chapter, which is connected with St. Barnabas Church, in Brooklyn, and St. Nicholas avenue. W. H. French, of No. 140 St. Nicholas avenue, had offered a resolution condemning anything which tends to weaken faith in the inspiration of any part of the Bible, and it had been laid on the table, the only delegates standing by it being the seven from St. Barnabas. The members of the Brotherhood had acted hastily and had tried to get a vote on a matter of Episcopal faith which all were bound to accept.

Bridgeton Board of Trade Banquet.

The twenty-fifth anniversary of the Bridgeton, N. J., Board of Trade was celebrated by a grand banquet of three hundred covers in the Grand Hotel, in Atlantic city, last night. Many notable and distinguished persons were present. Letters of regret were read from ex-President Grover Cleveland, Vice-President Taft, Congressman Louis Brandegee and State Senator Stokes. These letters were responded to: "The Last Twenty-five years have been the most brilliant in our history," said the President, "The Future," Professor Phoebeus W. Long, "Our Sister Cities," for Trenton, Hun. Henry M. York, for Camden, Hon. Robert Gwynne, Jr., for Millville, Hon. Reuben Chessman, "Our Manufacturing Interests," Clement S. Swenmacker and Frederick P. Smith, "Commerce," Edward M. Fithian. The officers of the club were: P. Kennedy Reeves, president; T. S. B. secretary, and William H. Ballinger, treasurer.

Orange Peel Poisoned Him.

Winifred Davis, the five-year-old colored boy who died Thursday on Hickory street, Orange, N. J., was poisoned by orange peel. Soon after eating it he was taken with pains and vomiting. County Physician Washington held a post-mortem examination and pronounced death due to acute meningitis. The liver was green in spots, caused by the acid.

SCHEREN OPPOSES BOARD OF EXPERTS.

Objects to Surface Roads Being Allowed to Cross the Bridge.

FAVORS THE "L" SYSTEMS.

President Berri Says the Plan Would Double Transportation Facilities.

BIG RECEIPTS FROM TROLLEY.

Electric Lines Would Pay \$300 a Day for the Use of the Bridge, Recouping Themselves by Increased Through Traffic.

Former Mayor Charles A. Schieren announced yesterday that he is opposed to the plan of the Board of Experts and of the Bridge trustees to hand the bridge over to the railroads. He particularly objects to the surface roads, and says he believes the present controversy is based on the "rule or rule" plan; that it looks as though the scheme was, that if one system could not use the bridge no other should. He was unable to see the justice of this argument. He said it would be to the popular advantage to have all the railroad terminals in New York, so as to reach there without change of cars, but the feasibility of the scheme is an entirely different matter. His opinion is that the "L" roads could be more easily accommodated than the trolley lines. The former could use the present tracks with a terminal toward Center street.

The trolley system he regarded as more difficult of solution. The cars are already overcrowded, and how fifteen or twenty lines could be accommodated is a problem. It would be an injustice to those using the bridge for carriage or business purposes to allow the trolley cars to obstruct such traffic. The question of compensation, he believed, might be safely left to the trustees. In fine, he favored allowing the use of the bridge to the "L" roads, but could not see how the trolleys could be accommodated on the roadways.

President William Berri had much to say on the controversy also. He pointed out the advance made from the point of dividing the tolls with the railroad to the present point, where the roads were to pay all the cost of construction and operation, turn over the entire tolls to the Bridge and then pay a toll for each car or passenger carried over the structure. The first proposition was for the railroads to collect the fares and turn over one cent to the bridge trustees, the balance to repay the roads for their outlay. Some people regarded this as a fair proposition.

Popular opinion has changed on this point. At Thursday's meeting the idea found expression, that not only the railroads should have no share in the tolls, but should pay for the privilege of crossing the bridge. The railroad men finally agreed to the proposition of a toll for passengers carried. As the matter now stands, the railroads must pay all the costs of changes, the cost of operation of the cars, the cost to receive all the fares and a toll for the right to use the bridge. A charge of 5 cents per car crossing the bridge has been suggested, and President Berri, said he expects to have between 5,000 and 6,000 cars cross each twenty-four hours. The receipts from this source alone would be \$300 per day.

Mr. Berri further said that the transportation facilities would be doubled by the proposed plan. The railroads, he figured that it would cost thirty-five cents to send a car across, but they looked for their remuneration in the increased traffic from through transportation. There would be increased population and increased local traffic, and from this source the railroads hoped to recoup themselves.

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BEAR IN MIND.

that this is NOT a sale of unseasonable goods, but of the newest Spring and Summer novelties purchased by our predecessors shortly before the business passed into our hands.

BEAR IN MIND.

that our object is to effect a complete and speedy clearance of these goods, hence our prices, which are actually one-half (in some cases barely one-third) the prices asked by Offerman.

BEAR IN MIND.

that these reductions are not confined to a few departments only, but that every article in the establishment has been re-marked, and must be sold regardless of cost or value.

BEAR IN MIND.

In Suits and Separate Skirts some of the biggest money-saving opportunities are to be found.

BEAR IN MIND.

Ladies' Reefer, tight-fitting tailor-made and Norfolk Suits—Ladies' Separate Skirts in brocades, brillantines, serges, novelty checks and Shepherd plaids—Misses' Spring jackets and 2-piece Suits in fancy wool mixtures—Children's Reefers (1, 2, 3 yrs.), in newest cloths and colorings.

BEAR IN MIND.

Goods cheerfully exchanged or money refunded if purchases are not satisfactory in every particular.

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